

Year 4 learning:

Maths:

Recap addition (remembering to exchange):

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \quad 4078 \\ + 7806 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 3020 \\ + 7033 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 8389 \\ + 2094 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 1938 \\ + 8398 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \quad 8784 \\ + 9969 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \quad 8580 \\ + 1887 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \quad 9771 \\ + 8489 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \quad 5602 \\ + 9250 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Recap subtraction (remembering to exchange):

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \quad 7894 \\ - 3918 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 7425 \\ - 6773 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 9882 \\ - 6443 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 6746 \\ - 5816 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \quad 6873 \\ - 5175 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \quad 7043 \\ - 5878 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \quad 7861 \\ - 7200 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \quad 9803 \\ - 1985 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Practice column multiplication. Either do the expanded method or the short method.

$$\begin{array}{r} 725 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 973 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 344 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 226 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 575 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 897 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 919 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 843 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Have a go at the division. Remember to ask yourself "How many groups?"

1.

2	4	1					

2.

8	2	5	7				

3.

9	3	9	9				

4.

5	2	1	4				

5.

7	5	4	5				

6.

9	8	6	7				

Make a poster to tell your family all about The Blitz. Remember to include the things we learnt about:

What the Blitz was and when it happened.

Where the Blitz took place.

What the government did during the Blitz to help: air raid sirens, wardens and shelters, blackouts, evacuation.

If you are researching online, remember to look on sites that are made by a good source (eg BBC)

English

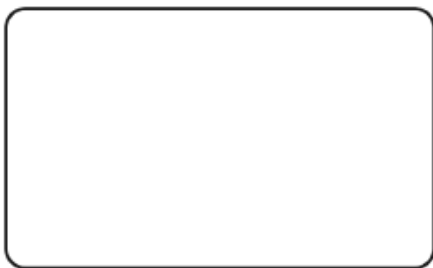
Can you use the story board to create a portal story? Remember our structure of a portal story.

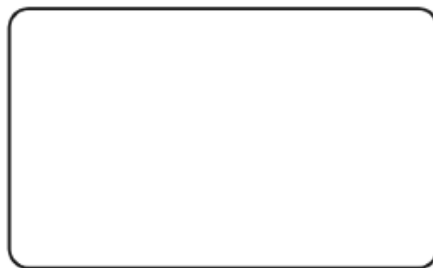
Beginning – dull and boring setting. Main character finds an interesting object.

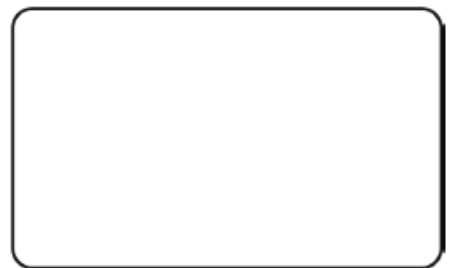
Middle- main character gets transported to a new and interesting place.

End- something scary happens and the main character transports back home.

Underneath your pictures write a short caption describing what is happening.













GPS

Can you rewrite these sentences adding in possessive apostrophes in the correct place?

1. Kims mum bought some sausages from the shop.

2. The butterflys wings flapped as it flew from flower to flower.

3. The dogs tail wagged excitedly as he walked.

4. The dancers costume was very colourful and bright.

5. The witchs new broomstick was made from solid oak.

6. The clowns gloves were large and spotty.

7. At the party, the birthday girls presents were placed on the table.

8. The reindeers bells gently rang as he walked through the snow.

Learn these spellings. To help you remember them, try to put them into a sentence. Ask someone at home to test you once you think you know them.

circle	_____	_____
decide	_____	_____
medicine	_____	_____
exercise	_____	_____
special	_____	_____
cinema	_____	_____
decimal	_____	_____
accident	_____	_____
city	_____	_____
citizen	_____	_____

Science

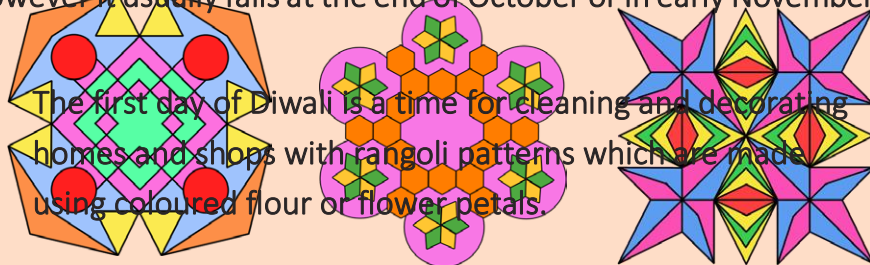
RECAP - Make a poster explaining the dangers of electricity. Think about plug sockets, water, wires (not being left for people to trip over). Present it to your grown ups explaining why the things on your poster are dangerous.

Reading:

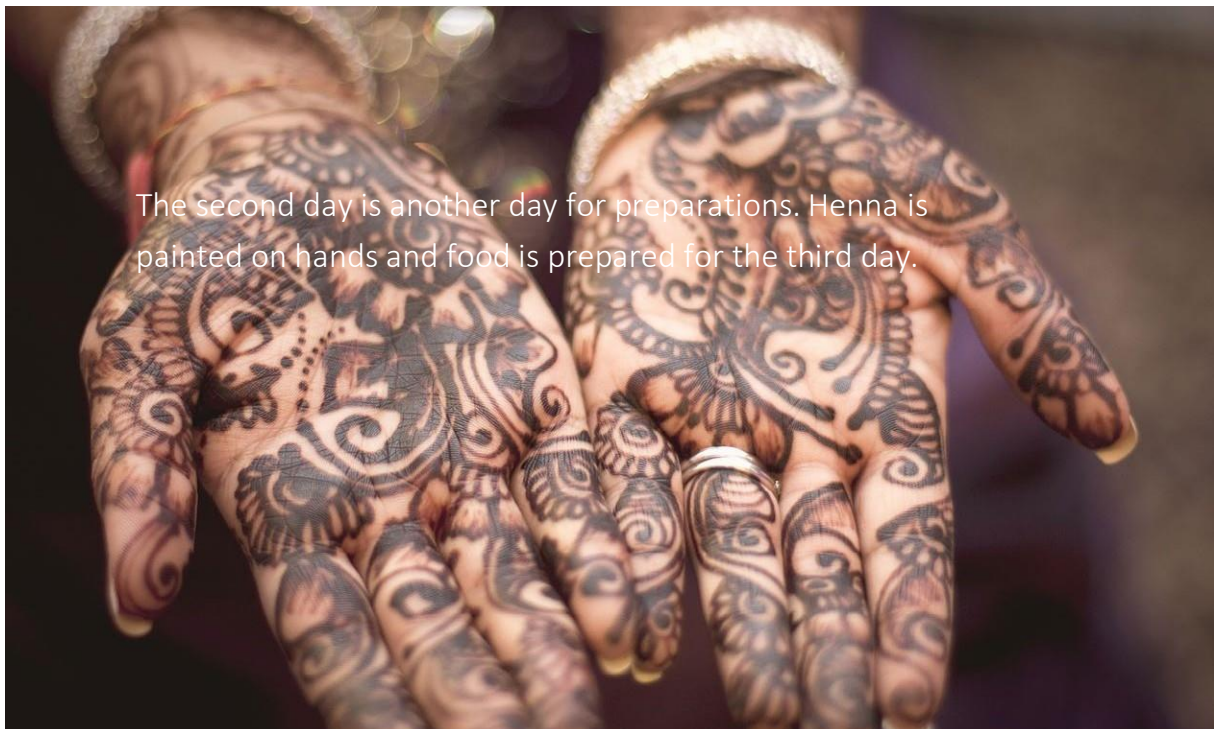
Remember to use the text to answer the questions.

Diwali

Diwali is a festival that is celebrated by Hindus all around the world. It is often talked about as 'the festival of light' because of the tradition of oil lamps that people use to light homes, shops and public places. This colourful celebration takes place over three to five days and marks the start of the new year. During the festivities, families and friends come together to celebrate. The date changes each year however it usually falls at the end of October or in early November.



The first day of Diwali is a time for cleaning and decorating homes and shops with rangoli patterns which are made using coloured flour or flower petals.



The second day is another day for preparations. Henna is painted on hands and food is prepared for the third day.

Diwali



The third is the day of Diwali - the main festival day. Best clothes and jewellery are worn, lamps are lit and prayers are said to Lakshmi - the goddess of wealth and good fortune. Hindus believe that Lakshmi walks the earth on Diwali night so people will put lamps outside and open their doors and windows to welcome her inside their homes. Family and friends visit each other, give gifts and enjoy food together. Firework displays also take place. The day after Diwali is when husbands and wives celebrate their marriage and Bhai Dooj is the final day of Diwali. On this day, brothers and sisters show their love by saying prayers for each other.

Diwali is a festival to celebrate the victory of good over evil and light over darkness. In the story of Rama and Sita, Rama and his wife were told by his father and mean stepmother that they must go and live in the forest. Whilst living in the forest, Ravana the demon king captured Sita. Rama's friend, Hanuman the monkey king, found Sita on an island. Rama killed Ravana and rescued Sita. Rama and his wife safely returned home to their land. People lit lamps and put them in their windows to welcome them back.

The festival is also celebrated by Hindus, Jains, Sikhis and Newar Buddhists. They remember the release of Guru Hargobind and 52 princes from prison in 1619.

Diwali

Questions

1. Fill in the missing words.

_____ is a festival that is _____ by Hindus all _____ the world.

2. Over how many days does Diwali take place? Tick **one**.

- 3 days
- 6 days
- 5 days
- 7 days

3. What is the first day of Diwali a time for?

4. What happens the day after Diwali? Tick **two**.

- Families have a party to celebrate.
- Husbands and wives celebrate their marriage.
- Brothers and sisters say prayers for each other.
- People put lamps outside and open their doors and windows.

5. What is Lakshmi the Goddess of? Tick **one**.

- The goddess of thunder and lightning

- The goddess of hope
- The goddess of love
- The goddess of wealth and good fortune

6. Read the following statements and tick whether they are **true** or **false**.

	True	FALSE
Diwali is a festival to celebrate the victory of good over evil.		
Rama and his wife were told to go and live in the forest.		
Hanuman was a demon king who captured Sita.		
Diwali is also celebrated by Sikhs.		

7. Why do you think cleaning the home is an important part of Diwali? Explain your reasoning.

Websites:

Purple Mash (check out the work that we have set you in 2dos and look at the class blogs under the sharing sections.

TT Rockstars

Bug Club

Spelling Shed

Parents' guide

GPS (grammar, punctuation and spelling)

1. Kims mum bought some sausages from the shop.
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4. The dancer's costume was very colourful and bright.
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5. The witch's new broomstick was made from solid oak.
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6. The clown's gloves were large and spotty.
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7. At the party, the birthday girl's presents were placed on the table.
At the party, the birthday girl's presents were placed on the table.
8. The reindeer's bells gently rang as he walked through the snow.
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Reading

1. Fill in the missing words.

Diwali is a festival that is **celebrated** by Hindus all **around** the world.

2. Over how many days does Diwali take place? Tick one.

- 3 days
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- 5 days**
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3. What is the first day of Diwali a time for?

The first day of Diwali is a time for cleaning and decorating homes and shops with rangoli patterns.

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- Husbands and wives celebrate their marriage.**
- Brothers and sisters say prayers for each other.**
- People put lamps outside and open their doors and windows.

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- The goddess of thunder and lightning
- The goddess of hope
- The goddess of love
- The goddess of wealth and good fortune**

6. Read the following statements and tick whether they are true or false.

	True	False
Diwali is a festival to celebrate the victory of good over evil.	✓	
Rama and his wife were told to go and live in the forest.	✓	
Hanuman was a demon king who captured Sita.		✓
Diwali is also celebrated by Sikhs.	✓	

7. Why do you think cleaning the home is an important part of Diwali? Explain your reasoning.

Pupils own response, such as: I think cleaning the home is an important part of the first day of Diwali because Hindus are preparing for a visit from Lakshmi, the goddess of wealth and good fortune, who they hope will enter their home on the third day bringing the family prosperity in the year to come.
